

Phase: 3/4

Subject: RE

Focus: Hinduism

Term: Spring 1

What I should already know?

I know about some places or worship.
 I know about different religious festivals.
 I know about some religious stories including those from the bible.

Vocabulary

Hindu	Someone who follows Hinduism.
Vishnu	Hindu god who protects the universe.
Brahma	Hindu god of creation.
Trimurti	The three aspects of the universal supreme God.
Tridevi	The three great goddesses of Hinduism.
Brahman	Hindus recognise one God, Brahman.
Mandir	A special place for Hindus to worship.
Puja	Act of worship for Hindus.
Murtis	Special statues or images of Hindu gods and goddesses.
Shrine	A holy place to pray.
Shruti	Hindu holy scriptures which contain the four Vedas.
Smriti	Hindu holy scriptures which contain legends, myths and history.
Vedas	Ancient Hindu text.



Knowledge

Hinduism is the oldest of the world's religions. It is now practised all over the world but originated in South East Asia. It is a mix of different beliefs, cultures and traditions dating back over 4000 years.

Special Festivals

Holi is the 'festival of colours' and marks the beginning of spring with bonfires and lots of singing and dancing. Old rubbish is burnt to mark a fresh start and colour s thrown on people.

Diwali is the 'festival of lights' and is celebrated in late autumn. Diwali celebrates good's victory over evil with lots of lights around homes. Fireworks, presents and new clothes are used to celebrate.



Hindu Gods and Goddesses

Hindus recognise one God, **Brahman**. The gods of Hinduism are different aspects of **Brahman**.

The main three aspects (**Trimurti**) are:

Vishnu, **Brahma** and Shiva

The three great goddesses (**Tridevi**) are:

Saraswati, Lakshmi and Shakti

Hindus can pray to different gods and goddesses for help with different needs.

Special Places for Hindus

Hindus can worship at home or in a **mandir**. In a **mandir**, Hindus can perform **puja**.

Some **mandirs** are very tall buildings. **Hindus** believe it brings them closer to heaven.

In a **mandir**, there are **shrines** and lots of **murtis** for different gods. Offerings of flowers are brought to the **murtis**.



There are holy scriptures in Hinduism. The scriptures support **Hindus** in their life and guide prayer.

Shruti texts are knowledge from gods. **Smriti** were written by **Hindu** spiritual leaders.

By the end of the unit I should know...

Who founded Hinduism and where it was founded.
 The main beliefs of Hinduism.
 Which places are special to Hindus.
 About some special Hindu festivals.
 Hindus have multiple holy books.