

Phase: 5/6	Subject: History Ancient Greece	Focus: Ancient Greece and Greeks Physical and Human Geography and history	Term: Summer 1
------------	------------------------------------	--	----------------

## What I should already know?

The meaning of BC and AD and their mathematical status in history and using a timeline  
 Geographical physical features of the country of Greece  
 The climate of Greece and weather conditions  
 The meaning of democracy  
 Where Greece is located on a world map

### City States

Ancient Greece was not a country. It was made up of city states. There were often battles between these city states but sometimes they would join together against a common enemy. Important city states of ancient Greece included Athens, Corinth and Sparta.

### Key Vocabulary

<b>ancient</b>	Something from a very long time ago.
<b>civilisation</b>	In this context, the word 'civilisation' is used to describe a human society with well-developed rules and government, often where technology and the arts are considered important.
<b>city states</b>	Small areas that ancient Greece was divided into, each with their own governments, laws and army.
<b>empire</b>	A group of countries or states that is ruled by one ruler or country.
<b>legacies</b>	Things that live on after someone dies or after a civilisation or event ends.
<b>democracy</b>	Democracy is a system where the citizens of a country or state are involved in the way it is run.
<b>primary source</b>	Information and objects that come from the time being studied.
<b>secondary source</b>	Interpretations of information and objects which are produced after the time being studied.

### What was Ancient Greece famous for?

**Sculpture**, architecture, drama, politics and mathematical ideas have all been greatly influenced by ideas and experts from the times of Ancient Greece!

**Democracy.** Around 508 BC democracy was introduced into Ancient Athens. Listening to others' opinions and ideas was an important part of life within this system.

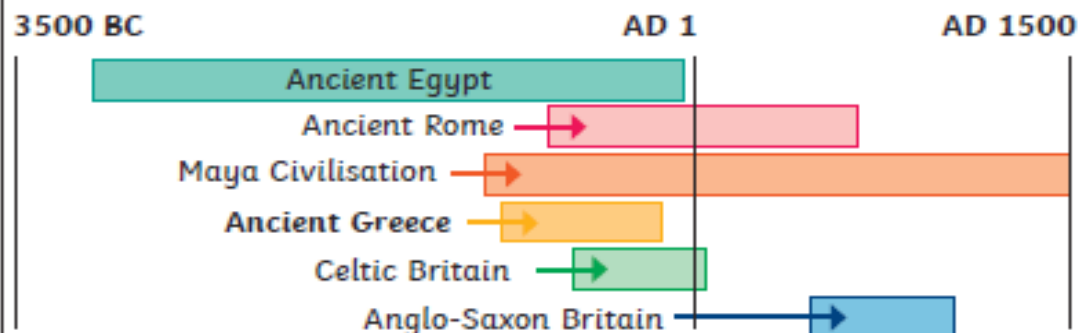
**The Olympic Games** was first enjoyed in Olympia in 776BC.

**Greek Mythology** and famous Gods and Goddesses are a huge feature of Greek history.

**The Trojan War** is still a famous well - known Greek Myth.

## Knowledge

### Timeline



### What Was Ancient Greece Famous For?

Ancient Greece is important historically because many things in culture today, especially in modern Europe, have been influenced by the ideas of the ancient Greek civilisation.

The sculptures, architecture, philosophy, arts, politics and the scientific and mathematical ideas of ancient Greece are just some of the things that have had a significant impact on culture today. These things can be referred to as 'legacies' of ancient Greece.

### Democracy

Around 508 BC, democracy was introduced to ancient Athens. Listening to the opinions of other people and debating issues was an important part of this system. After debating issues, the ancient Athenians would vote. At that time, the only people allowed to take part in democracy were adult males who were citizens of Athens.

<u>Question 1:</u> What is Passover?
<u>Start of unit</u>
<u>End of Unit</u>
<u>Don't know</u>

<u>Question 2:</u> How is Passover celebrated?
<u>Start of unit</u>
<u>End of Unit</u>
<u>Don't know</u>

<u>Question 3:</u> What is Bar and Bat Mitzvah?
<u>Start of unit</u>
<u>End of Unit</u>
<u>Don't know</u>

<u>Question 4:</u> What is the Shabbat?
<u>Start of Unit</u>
<u>End of Unit</u>
<u>Don't know</u>

<u>Question 5</u> Where is the Torah kept in the Synagogue?
<u>Start of Unit</u>
<u>End of Unit</u>
<u>Don't know</u>

